







Inventory

- All the item, goods, merchandise and material held by a business uses in production, or sell in the market to earn profit.
- Short term assets, usually liquidated within one year.

- 3 Categories:
 - Held for sales in the ordinary course of business; or
 - Process of being produced for sale; or
 - The material or supplies intended for composition in the production process.





3 Main Types of Inventory



Raw Material

- Includes materials intended to be consumed in the production of finished goods.
 - Example: **Leather** to make belts.

Work-in-process

- Includes items that are in the midst of production process, not ready for sale.
- Includes raw materials, labor, and overhead costs.

Finished goods

- Final items that are ready for sale in the market.







Inventory Management

- Systematic approach to sourcing, storing and selling inventory both raw material (components) and finished goods (products)
- The right stock, at the right levels, in the right place, at the right time, and at the right cost as well as price.
- Controlling and overseeing purchases from suppliers.
- Maintaining the storage of stock, controlling the amount of product for sale, and order fulfillment to customers.



Importance of Inventory Management

Provide insights into your finance standing, customer behaviour and preference and business opportunity.

Optimise inventory levels, reduces storage costs and prevent stockouts.

On hand, where it is in your warehouse and how it is coming in and out.

Prevent loss from theft, spoilage, and return.





Common Mistake in Inventory Management

- 1. Falling out of alignment with demand Business not stock enough of what their customers want to buy.
 - Impact: lost of sales and customer go elsewhere.
- 2. Coupling sophisticated new inventory management software with untrained staff
 - Decision makers that adopt a DIY approach to instructing their inventory managers
 on how to use new and sophisticated inventory management software systems are
 holding back the company's capacity to operate fluidly and efficiently.
- 3. Disorganization in the warehouse
 - Lead to huge amount of time wasted.
 - Example: Poor labeled storage area.





How to Improve Inventory Management

Develop an inventory management inventory

- Making sure to keep track of what works and what doesn't.

Engage with suppliers

- to secure reliable supply, unlock competitive pricing and to understand emerging trends that may impact your business.

Focus on your needs

- Keep the top-selling items in stock, and you'll have made a great start at keeping your customers happy.

Go mobile

 Barcode scanning, makes receipting and tracking goods far fasters, help eliminate unnecessary errors.



Thank You ☺ 谢谢

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Contact us 联系我们

■ Kuala Lumpur (HQ) 吉隆坡

■ Johor Office 柔佛

■ Penang Office 槟城

■ Sabah Office 沙巴

Tel: 03 - 7981 1799 Fax: 03 - 7980 4796

Fax : 07 - 562 9090

Fax : 04-226 2212

Fax : 088 - 266 842

Email: kuala-lumpur@ecovis.com.my

Email: johor@ecovis.com.my

: 07 - 562 9000

Email: penang@ecovis.com.my

: 04-226 7210

Email: sabah@ecovis.com.my

: 088 - 231 790

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